FIRST 5 BUTTE COUNTY CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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Commission Membership 2022-23

<u>Name</u>		Professional Affiliation	<u>Original</u> Appointment	<u>Current</u> <u>Term</u> <u>Expire(s/d)</u>
Shelby	Boston, Vice Chair	Butte County Department of Employment and Social Services	1/1/17	Per Code position
Shaun- Adrián	Choflá, Chair	Butte College, Education, Child & Family Studies Department	1/8/19	6/30/25
Shelley	Hart	California State University, Chico Department of Child Development	9/24/19	6/30/24
Scott	Kennelly	Butte County Department of Behavioral Health	9/24/19	Per Code position
Holly	Kralj	California State University, Chico School of Nursing	9/24/19	6/30/25
Tami	Ritter	Butte County Board of Supervisors	1/7/19	6/30/24
Matt	Reddam	Butte County Office of Education	11/19/19	6/30/25
Seng	Yang	Hmong Cultural Center of Butte County	12/16/16	6/30/24
Danette	York	Butte County Department of Public Health	7/1/19	Per Code position
Lourdes	Valdez (Alternate)	Feather River Tribal Health	10/27/17	Resigned 7/13/22
Rumneet	Kullar (Alternate)	Child Adolescent Psychiatrist	12/13/22	6/30/2025



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners First 5 Butte County Children and Families Commission Oroville, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the First 5 Butte County Children and Families Commission (The Commission), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise The Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Commission, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Commission, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4-10 and 23-24 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information

is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The schedule of the status of prior audit findings is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of the status of prior audit findings is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 27, 2023, on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Jensen Smith Certified Public Accountants, Inc. Lincoln, California October 27, 2023 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

Introduction

The First 5 Butte County Children and Families Commission (the Commission) is a public entity which disburses Proposition 10 dollars (a 50-cent per pack tax on tobacco products), to implement its Mission ("To work collaboratively with partners and stakeholders to build a healthy, integrated system of support for young children and their families and caregivers.") and to support its Vision ("Every child in Butte County will have the opportunity for a resilient, thriving future through a nurturing, supportive network of families, caregivers, and their community."), as per California Health and Safety Code 130100.

To attain these objectives, the Commission invested local funds in four Initiatives: Health and Development, Strong Families, High Quality Learning, and Sustainability and Systems Change. The Commission utilized First 5 California state funds to support the Home Visiting Coordination Initiative, received grant funding from Connecticut Children's Medical Center to pilot the Healthy Outcomes from Positive Experiences (HOPE) program, and obtained restricted contributions from four partner agencies to fund Perinatal Mental Health 101 training, for a total 2022-2023 program investment of \$1,207,489.

A narrative overview and analysis of the Commission's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2023, follows.

Financial Highlights

The Commission's Strategic Plan guides the funding activities of the Commission. Financial highlights of the year on a fund accounting basis include:

 \bigvee Total program revenues amounted to \$1,414,243, a decrease of \$440,976 from the previous year.

The Prop 10 tax apportionment decreased by \$154,721. Prop 56 backfill revenues also decreased by \$46,154. The Commission received new revenues of \$17,443 from the California Electronic Cigarette Excise Tax, contributing to total tobacco tax revenues of \$1,298,959 for the fiscal year.¹ Revenues from the First 5 California Home Visiting Coordination initiative contributed \$40,784. The Home Visiting Coordination initiative will continue into the 2023-24 fiscal year with a regional approach and a small increase in funding over FY 2023-24. Interest income totaled \$125,919, up \$83,333 from the prior fiscal year; however, this figure includes interest earned in Quarter 4 of FY 2021-22 but posted after the audit for that fiscal year was completed. The Commission posted a paper (unrealized) loss of \$10,266 on the fair market value of its investments.

¹ Prop 56 backfill revenues are intended to make up for losses to Prop 10 due to the enactment of the \$2 tobacco tax.)

FY 2022-23 expenditures totaled \$1,501,199, a decrease of \$101,511 from the prior year's investments in Butte County children and families.

During FY 2022-23, \$648,614 was expended in support of the Strong Families Initiative. Funded services under the Strong Families Initiative include evidence-based home visitation, family strengthening activities for Hmong caregivers and families living in transitional housing, and community and cultural celebrations. The Commission also invested funds into capacity building to support the establishment of Family Resource Centers in historically underserved communities. Staff time was dedicated to coordinating referrals to home visiting programs and engaging in collaborative home visiting systems improvement opportunities with partner agencies.

^W During FY 2022-23, \$299,178 was expended on the Health and Development Initiative. Funding was utilized to provide training, professional development, and collaboration to medical professionals and social service providers in an effort to improve the consistency and quality of perinatal care in Butte County, with a focused emphasis on maternal mental health providers and referrers. This effort culminated in a Perinatal Mental Health 101 training in June 2023, which educated 100 local perinatal service providers. The Commission also invested in Help Me Grow Butte (HMG), an early intervention and care coordination system for families with young children who may benefit from developmental screenings and referrals to services. The Commission received grant funding for the HOPE program, a pilot project to study the effectiveness of implementing the Healthy Outcomes from Positive Experiences framework into the HMG centralized access point, and for pediatricians in their practices.

¹During FY 2022-23 \$34,549 was expended on the High Quality Learning Initiative. Funding was utilized to support the Commission's literacy programs, gardening curriculum for early learning and care, and a weekly nature-based playgroup.

¹During FY 2022-23, \$225,148 was expended on the Sustainability and Systems Change Initiative. Funds were used to support the Help Me Grow Butte system, an early intervention and care coordination system for families with young children, as well as professional development, leadership, board development, and fund development opportunities for community partners. Funds were also dedicated to staff time for planning and convening around pandemic and disaster response.

¹During FY 2022-23, \$87,333 was expended on evaluation support and activities, including a contract to increase the capacity of the Apricot data collection system to support and improve partner data collection, and a contract with an external evaluator to provide evaluation training and technical assistance to staff.

¹During FY 2022-23, \$206,377 was expended on administrative expenses, including strategic planning, the required annual financial and compliance audits, county charges, and staff time dedicated to carrying out Commission business. The administrative costs equaled approximately 13.7% of total expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The following discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the Commission's basic financial statements.

The Commission's basic financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains supplementary information.

1) *Government-wide Financial Statements*. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Commission's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The government-wide financial statements are found on pages 11-12 of this report, and include:

- a. The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the Commission's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*.
- b. The *Statement of Activities*, which presents information showing how the Commission's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes are reported as soon as the underlying event occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (employee leaves earned but not yet used; etc.).

2) Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Commission, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Fund financial statements report essentially the same functions as those reported in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. The fund financial statements are found on pages 13-14 of this report, and include the:

- a. Balance Sheet, and
- b. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance.

Because the focus of fund financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare them. Both the Fund Balance Sheet and the Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison. (The slight numerical differences between the two types of statements involve employee leaves earned but not yet taken.)

The Commission adopts annual revenue and expenditure budgets for its fund. A budgetary comparison statement is provided to demonstrate compliance with the budget (pages 23 & 24).

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 15 of this report.

Analysis of the Government-wide Financial Statements

The Commission has presented its financial statements under the reporting model required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34), Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) – for State and Local Governments.

A government's financial position can be determined by examining its net position over time. At the close of the current fiscal year, the Commission's assets exceed liabilities by \$6,645,413.

The Commission's assets are maintained in the County Treasurer's investment pool where interest earned on the Commission's balance is apportioned to the Commission. Assets are primarily Proposition 10 tax disbursements received from the State Commission that have not yet been spent. All of the Commission's assets are invested in A or better securities and are committed to multi-year initiatives as per the Strategic Plan. Accounts receivable, Proposition 10 taxes remitted by the State but not received by the Commission at June 30, 2023, are other assets.

At June 30, 2023, the Commission had liabilities of \$216,310. These are payments due on contacts at year-end, and employee leave hours earned but not yet taken.

The Commission's net position decreased by \$185,866 during the 2022-23 fiscal year. This change stemmed from a combination of higher than anticipated revenues and lower-thanbudgeted operating and program expenditures, as well as a prior period adjustment to record the change in the unrealized loss on the pooled cash invested with the County of Butte for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Governmental Activities

Change in Net Position

Government-Wide Financial Statements

FIRST 5 BUTTE COUNTY CHILDREN & FAMILIES COMMISSION

Net Position Comparison

	FY	22-23	FY	21-22	Diff	erence	F	Y 20-21
Total Assets	\$	6,861,723	\$	7,081,884	\$	(220,161)	\$	6,854,164
Total Liabilities		(216,310)		(250,605)		34,295		(249,530)
Net Position	_\$	6,645,413	\$	6,831,279	\$	(185,866)	<u>\$</u>	6,604,634
		Statement of	Activ	ities Compari	son			
	FY	22-23	FY	21-22	Diff	erence	F	Y 20-21
Program Expenses	\$	(1,516,270)	\$	(1,632,994)	\$	116,724	\$	(1,302,076)
Program Revenues		1,414,243		1,855,219		(440,976)		1,823,360
General Revenues		115,653		4,420		111,233		(1,808)

The Commission does not have business-type activities and so the analysis presented above for the government-wide financial statements also represents an analysis of the Commission's governmental activities.

13.626

\$ 226,645

\$ (213,019)

519,476

\$

Analysis of the Fund Financial Statements

\$

As noted earlier, the Commission uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Commission's ending fund balance is \$6,705,692, a decrease of \$170,795 from the prior year, although the Commission's plan is to use the Fund Balance to augment current year revenues to support programs for children and families.

Fund Financial Statements

FIRST 5 BUTTE COUNTY CHILDREN & FAMILIES COMMISSION

Balance Sheet Comparison									
FY 22-23 FY 21-22 Difference FY 20-21									
Total Assets Total Liabilities	\$	6,861,723 (156,031)	\$	7,081,884 (205,397)	\$	(220,161) <u>49,366</u>	\$	6,854,164 (234,606)	
Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	6,705,692	\$	6,876,487	\$	(170,795)	\$	6,619,558	
		Revenue	e and H	Expense Com	parison				
	F	Y 22-23	F	FY 21-22	Di	fference	F	Y 20-21	
Total Revenues	\$	1,529,896	\$	1,859,639	\$	(329,743)	\$	1,821,552	
Total Expenses		(1,501,199)		(1,602,710)		101,511		(1,291,776)	
Change	<u>\$</u>	28,697	<u>\$</u>	256,929		(228,232)	<u>\$</u>	529,776	

Total revenues were over budget by \$56,427, or 3.8%, due to unanticipated private contributions and an increase in reported interest (including Quarter 4 interest from FY 2022-23 which was received several months after the closure of the fiscal year). Total expenditures ended under the final budget by \$1,171,355, or 43.8% under budget, due to lower than anticipated costs related to operating and contracts.

Capital Assets

The Commission's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2023, amounts to zero. Purchases of capital assets were below the Commission's threshold for capitalization and, as such, were charged to expenses when purchased.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The Commission is committed to focusing Proposition 10 funds on the purposes for which they were intended: To promote and sustain comprehensive, integrated programs and services that will help to nurture children ages 0 through 5 so that their young brains and bodies will develop appropriately. The following economic factors were considered in preparing the Commission's financial plan for fiscal year 2023-24:

- Following through on commitments made to organizations for contiguous year funding.
- Based on figures from the state Department of Finance, the Commission's Prop. 10 revenue is projected to decrease an average of 5% each year, following the passage of the flavor ban in November 2022.
- Interest rate earnings of 1.0% on the local Children and Families Trust Fund.
- While following the intent of Prop 10, the Commission has updated its Strategic Plan for 2021 through 2026, to make investments in its Systems Strengthening Initiative to support changes and develop stronger networks that more effectively address issues affecting children and families. The Commission recognizes that with the projection of declining revenues, investing in the capacity building of networks and systems will be a more effective use of its limited resources in ensuring children have access to the resources they need.
- The Commission continues to collaborate actively with its community partners and grantees. This is reflected in its current grant funding initiatives and commitments which extend through the current fiscal year.

The Commission views Proposition 10 as a mechanism to establish and fund a sustainable system of results-oriented early childhood development and family support services for the 0-5 population, not as just another funding source for programs. In that regard, the Commission will continue to evaluate funded programs to determine what most improves the health and well-being of children. This information will be used to help evaluate the overall effect of Proposition 10 in Butte County. The result of these evaluation activities will help to inform the Commission as it plans for its future investments.

Requests for Information

Questions or requests for additional information should be addressed to First 5 Butte County Children and Families Commission, PO Box 1649, Oroville, California, 95965; or submitted to First5admin@buttecounty.net.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FIRST 5 BUTTE COUNTY CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

ASSETS

Cash invested with the County Treasurer's pool Fair market value adjustment on cash invested Due from other agencies Interest receivable	\$ 6,874,152 (223,602) 206,380 4,793
Total Assets	 6,861,723
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	142,995
Accrued salaries and benefits	 73,315
Total Liabilities	 216,310
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	 6,645,413
Total Net Position	\$ 6,645,413

FIRST 5 BUTTE COUNTY CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

PROGRAM EXPENSES

Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 599,500
Other operating	122,789
Special funding contracts	 793,981
Total Program Expenses	1,516,270
PROGRAM REVENUES	
Operating grants and contributions:	
Proposition 10 apportionment	955,377
Proposition 56 backfill	326,139
California Electronic Cigarette Excise Tax (CECET)	17,443
Other grants and contracts	100,784
Restricted private contribution	 14,500
Total Program Revenues	 1,414,243
Net Program Revenues	(102,027)
GENERAL REVENUES	
Interest income	125,919
Unrealized gain(loss) on investments	 (10,266)
Total General Revenues	 115,653
Change in Net Position	13,626
Net Position, Beginning of Year	6,831,279
Prior Period Adjustment	 (199,492)
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 6,645,413

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FIRST 5 BUTTE COUNTY CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION

Juii 50, 2025	
ASSETS	
Cash invested with the County Treasurer's pool	6,874,152
Fair market value adjustment on cash invested	(223,602)
Due from other governments	206,380
Interest receivable	 4,793
Total Assets	\$ 6,861,723
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 142,995
Accrued salaries and benefits	 13,036
Total Liabilities	156,031
FUND BALANCE	
Fund Balance:	
Non-Spendable	-
Restricted	-
Committed	4,074,220
Assigned	2,631,472
Unassigned	 -
Total Fund Balance	 6,705,692
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 6,861,723

Balance Sheet June 30, 2023

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities

Fund Balance - Total Governmental Fund	\$ 6,705,692
In the governmental fund, only current and near-term assets and liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all transactions are reported as soon as the transaction occurs. These consist of:	
Employee leave balances	 (60,279)

Employee leave balances	 (60,279)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 6,645,413

FIRST 5 BUTTE COUNTY CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES

Proposition 10 apportionment	\$ 955,377
Backfill from Proposition 56	326,139
CECET apportionment	17,443
Other grants and contracts	100,784
Restricted private contribution	14,500
Interest income	125,919
Fair market value adjustmentunrealized gain(loss) on investments	(10,266)
Total Revenues	1,529,896
EXPENDITURES	
Salaries and employee benefits	584,429
Other operating	122,789
Special funding contracts	 793,981
Total Expenditures	 1,501,199
Change in Fund Balance	28,697
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	6,876,487
Prior Period Adjustment	 (199,492)
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 6,705,692

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities

Net change to fund balance - total governmental fund (from above)	\$ 28,697
Change in Employee leave balances	 (15,071)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 13,626

Note 1. Nature of the Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The First 5 Butte County Children and Families Commission (the Commission), was established in December 1998 pursuant to Health and Safety Code §130100, and in accordance with the provisions of the California Children and Families First Act of 1998, and by Butte County Ordinance #3470. The nine members of the Commission and four alternates are appointed by the Butte County Board of Supervisors.

The Commission's charge is the creation and implementation of a comprehensive, collaborative, and integrated system of information and services to enhance early childhood development.

The Commission considers all activities of its administrative staff and Commission officers as part of the Commission. The Commission reviewed the criteria developed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its issuance of Statement No. 14, relating to the financial reporting entity, to determine whether it is financially accountable for other entities. The Commission has determined that no other entity meets the above criteria, and therefore, no agency is included as a component unit in the financial statements. In addition, the Commission is not aware of any entity that would be financially accountable for the Commission that would result in the Commission being considered a component unit of that entity.

The financial statements included in this report are intended to present the financial position and results of operations for the Commission only. They are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations of the County of Butte taken as a whole.

B. Basis of Presentation and Accounting

Government- Wide Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the primary government, the Commission. The financial activities of the overall Commission are included.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between program expenses and program revenues for the Commission's governmental activity. Program expenses are those that are specifically associated with the Commission's charge. Program revenues include tax revenues, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of the Commission's charge. Income not classified as program revenues, such as investment income, is presented as general revenue.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Note 1. Nature of the Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Proposition 10 taxes and investment income are accrued when their receipt occurs within ninety days after the end of the accounting period so as to be both measurable and available.

Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Most of the Commission's expenditures are non-exchange transactions, in which the Commission gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) value in exchange. These include sales taxes and grants.

The Commission reports one major governmental fund, the general fund. The general fund is the Commission's primary operating fund, accounting for all financial resources.

C. Due From Other Agencies

This amount represents receivables from the State Commission. Management has determined the Commission's receivables are fully collectible. Accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been made.

D. Net Position / Fund Balances

Net Position

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net Position is categorized as invested capital assets (net of related debt), restricted and unrestricted. The Commission's net position is unrestricted in its entirety, as none of the monies have limits narrower than the purpose of the entire fund itself.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is the arithmetic difference between the assets and liabilities of a governmental fund.

The focus of fund balance reporting is "the extent to which a government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which the amounts in the fund can be spent." The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54 established five components of Fund Balance:

Note 1. Nature of the Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Balance (continued)

- 1. Non-spendable. The elements of the Fund Balance that cannot be spent, because of their form, or because they must remain intact. Examples are pre-paid expenses or the principal of an endowment.
- 2. Restricted. The portion of the Fund Balance that has externally enforceable legal limitations that include:
 - Funding from the State Commission or foundations that are legally restricted to specific uses. For example, funds advanced by First 5 California under specific agreements for services, or matching funds for specific initiatives.
 - Funds legally restricted by county, state, or federal legislature, or government's charter or constitution.

Tobacco tax allocations to county commissions are not automatically categorized as restricted. This is because the purposes for which tobacco tax allocation may legally be used are no narrower than the purpose for which the commissions were created in Proposition 10 enabling legislation.

- 3. Committed. Two criteria determine if the fund balance is committed as follows:
 - The use of funds is constrained by limits imposed by the government's highest level of decision-making authority, and
 - Removal or modification of the use of funds can be accomplished only by formal action of the authority that established the constraints.

The highest level of decision-making is the First 5 Butte County Commission. Both commitments and modification or removal must occur prior to the end of the reporting period. Formal action of the Commission is defined as an action taken at a publicly-noticed First 5 Butte County Commission meeting. For First 5 organizations, resources in this category include:

- Resources committed for a future initiative as long as Commission action is also required to remove this commitment,
- Resources that have been committed by the Commission for specific agreements that have not yet been executed (such as an Intent to Award Decision), where Commission action is also required to remove this commitment,
- Resources committed as the local match for a State Commission initiative, and
- Funding that has been set aside for previously-executed legally-enforceable contracts, but not yet spent, including multi-year contracts, if such contracts have been approved by the Commission and if cancellation of such contracts would require Commission approval.

Note 1. Nature of the Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Balance (continued)

- 4. Assigned. The portion of the Fund Balance on which an "intended use" is placed by either the highest level of decision-making of the government, a body established for that purpose, or an official designated for that purpose.
- 5. Unassigned. Any portion of fund balance in excess of the above categories (a surplus), or in excess of Non-spendable, Restricted, or Committed over total fund balance (a deficit).

E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from estimates.

Note 2. Cash

Cash at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

Cash invested with the County Treasurer's pool	\$6,874,152
Fair market value adjustment on invested cash	(223,602)
Fair market value of cash invested by the County Treasurer	<u>\$6,650,550</u>

The Commission maintains all of its cash and investments with the Butte County Treasurer in an investment pool. On a quarterly basis the Treasurer allocates interest to participants based upon their average daily balances.

Required disclosure information regarding fair value measurements, categorization of investments, and other deposit and investment risk disclosures can be found in the County's financial statements. The County of Butte's financial statements may be obtained by contacting the County of Butte's Auditor-Controller's office at 25 County Center Drive, Oroville, California 95965. The Butte County Treasury Oversight Committee oversees the Treasurer's investments and policies. Investment reports may be obtained at http://ttc.buttecounty.net.

Investments held in the County's investment pool are available on demand and are stated at cost plus accrued interest. Unrealized gains and losses are recognized as income or expense and as the asset called "Fair market value adjustment on cash in the County Treasury."

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, highly liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value. Market value is used as fair value for those securities for which market quotations are readily available.

Note 3. Related Party Transactions

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Commission paid the County of Butte, a related party, \$656,422 for accounting and other services including commission staffing, as detailed in the following table.

County Dept.	22-23 Costs
Public Health (staffing & misc. operating)	\$ 654,094
General Services (contracting)	5,436
Butte County Administration (Board of Supervisors items & County fiscal)	
County Auditor (accounting)	3,804
County Counsel (legal services)	1,896
Information Systems (Time keeping & Accounting system support, etc.)	1,488
Treasurer (investing)	132
Support Services Carry-Forward (trues out services used two-years prior)	(10,428)
Total	\$ 656,422

Note 4. Program Evaluation and Allocation of Costs

The Commission allocates costs between administrative, program and evaluation activities. Direct costs are expensed directly to the category. Indirect costs are allocated based on the amount of time staff spends on each activity. Personnel costs are allocated based on the amount of time spent on those activities. The adjustment between the general fund expenses and the government-wide expenses was the change in the accrued vacation of (\$15,071). The expenses were allocated as follows:

	General Fund	<u>Adjustment</u>	Government-Wide
Program	\$ 1,207,489	\$	\$ 1,207,489
Administrative	206,377	15,071	221,448
Evaluation	87,333		87,333
Total	<u>\$ 1,501,199</u>	<u>\$ 15,071</u>	<u>\$ 1,516,270</u>

Note 5. Concentrations

The Commission receives most of its funding from Prop. 10 tobacco tax revenue distributed by the State of California. If these funds were to become unavailable, the Commission may not be able to continue its programs.

Note 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at cost and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The Commission does not possess any infrastructures. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are expensed. The Commission's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2023, amounts to zero. Purchases of assets were below the Commission's threshold for capitalization and, as such, were charged to expense when purchased.

Note 7. Joint Powers Agreements

The Commission participates in an agreement with the joint powers authority (JPA) California State Association of Counties Excess Insurance Authority (CSAC - EIA). The relationship between the Commission and the JPA is such that the JPA is not a component unit of the Commission for financial reporting purposes.

The JPA arranges for and provides liability and workers' compensation coverage for its members. The JPA is governed by a board consisting of representatives from the members. The Board controls the operations of the JPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the members beyond their representation on the Board. Each member pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionate to their participation in the JPA. The Commission's share of year-end assets, liabilities, or fund equity is not calculated by the JPA. Separately issued financial statements can be requested from the JPA.

Note 8. Risk Management

The Commission is exposed to various risks including loss or damage to property, general liability, and injuries to employees. No significant changes in insurance coverage from the prior year have been made. As described in Note 7, the Commission participates in risk pools under a JPA for liability and workers' compensation coverage.

Note 9. California Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description

The Commission contracts with the County for personnel. As such the employees are employees of the Public Health Department of Butte County and not the Commission. Qualified employees are covered under a multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan maintained by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

Funding Policy

The Commission reimburses the County for contributions to the pension plan at an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution for the 2022-23 fiscal year was \$113,744 (which is calculated at 27.52% of salaries: 8.79% goes to employee retirement accounts, 16.6% to pension unfunded liability, and 2.13% to bond payments). This amount is included within the Salaries and Benefits line item. In addition, employees are required to contribute 7% of their salary.

Note 9. California Public Employees Retirement System Continued

Because the Commission's employees are actually employees of the County, the County's financial statements include the required information and disclosures relating to pension liability. The County allocates certain pension costs to the Commission, and requests reimbursements accordingly.

Note 10. Other Post-Retirement Health Benefits

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 9, the County provides post-retirement health benefits to its retirees under various plans. In July 2004, the GASB issued Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. This Statement establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) expense/expenditures and related liabilities (assets), note disclosure, and, if applicable, required supplementary information in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers. Because the Commission's employees are actually employees of the County, the County's financial statements include the required information and disclosures relating to the OPEB benefits. The County allocates certain OPEB costs to the Commission, and requests reimbursements accordingly.

Note 11. Section 30131.4 of the California Tax & Revenue Code Certification

The Commission has certified that the no-supplanting requirement stated in Section 30131.4 of the California Tax & Revenue Code has been met.

Note 12. Contingent Liabilities

The Commission receives funding from the State of California Proposition 10, the Children and Families Act, to fund programs that promote, support, and improve the early development of children from prenatal through age five. These programs must be in compliance with applicable laws and may be subject to financial and compliance audits by the State. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the State cannot be determined at this time, although the Commission's management does not expect such amounts, if any, to be material.

Note 13. Budgets and Sustainability

Budgets are set by the Commission in June of each year. The budget is periodically amended when significant new information becomes available. The Commission's Financial Plan provides a framework for investing the Commission's resources in the community over time. The plan is used as a planning tool, and updated at least once a year after the completion of the annual audit with the actual revenues and expenditures for the year. The Commission revisits the underlying assumptions of the plan every year.

Note 14. Uncertainties

The passage of the ban on flavored tobacco products in November 2022 will likely exacerbate the ongoing decline in Proposition 10 revenues. The full extent to which the flavor ban will impact revenues remains to be seen, and the Commission will continue to use the most conservative revenue estimates in its long-term financial planning. The Commission will continue to seek alternative funding streams to augment or complement existing tobacco tax funding, including grants, possible partnerships with managed health care plans, and systems-level partnerships with other funders. The potential net impacts of tax revenue reductions and blending and braiding of alternative funding upon the Commission's financial position, as well as changes in net position/fund balances, is uncertain, and the accompanying financial statements include no adjustments relating to the effects of the flavor ban or alternative funding streams.

Note 15. Lease Commitments – Implementation of GASB 87

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Commission implemented Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases. GASB Statement No. 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. These changes were incorporated in the Commission's financial statements and had no impact on the financial statements. Currently the Commission does not have any arrangements/agreements that would be considered leases under this standard.

Note 16. Prior Period Adjustment – Correction

A prior period adjustment was required to record the change in the unrealized loss on the pooled cash invested with the County of Butte for the year ended June 30, 2022. The unrealized loss adjustment required by GASB 31 was not available at the time of issuance of the audit reports for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. If the figure had been available, the cash reported as well as the net position and fund balance would have been reduced by the change in the unrealized loss of \$199,492. This prior period adjustment corrects the beginning balances for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Note 17. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events were evaluated through October 27, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no events that required disclosure through this date.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FIRST 5 BUTTE COUNTY CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Original Budget	F	inal Budget		Actual Amount	ariance with nal Budget
Budgetary Fund Balances, July 1, 2021	\$	7,001,252	\$	6,876,487	\$	6,876,487	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)							
Prop 10 apportionment and Prop 56 backfill Other grants and contracts Restricted private contribution Interest income	\$	1,316,846 40,784 70,013	\$	1,298,920 100,784 5,000 68,765	\$	1,298,959 100,784 14,500 125,919	\$ 39 - 9,500 57,154
Fair market value adjustmentunrealized gain(loss) on investments				-		(10,266)	 (10,266)
Total Resource Inflows		1,427,643	_	1,473,469	_	1,529,896	 56,427
Amounts Available for Appropriation		8,428,895	4	8,349,956	_	8,406,383	 56,427
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)							
Salaries and employee benefits		525,117		582,618		584,429	1,811
Other operating		321,979		321,814		122,789	(199,025)
Special funding contracts		1,542,953		1,768,122		793,981	 (974,141)
Total Charges to Appropriations	4	2,390,049		2,672,554		1,501,199	 (1,171,355)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(962,406)		(1,199,085)		28,697	1,227,782
Prior Period Adjustment		-				(199,492)	 (199,492)
Fund Balances, June 30, 2023	\$	6,038,846	\$	5,677,402	\$	6,705,692	\$ 1,028,290

FIRST 5 BUTTE COUNTY CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2023

BUDGET AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Commission prepares and legally adopts its revenue and expenditure budgets before the beginning of each fiscal year. The Commission operation, commencing on July 1st, is governed by the proposed budgets.

The fiscal year operating budget is on a modified accrual basis. The budgets line items are closely monitored and adjustments are made as necessary. Appropriations lapse at year-end.

The legal level of budgetary control (the level on which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the object level. Object levels of expenditures are as follows: salaries and benefits, services and supplies, and capital outlay.

The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FIRST 5 BUTTE COUNTY CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF THE STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

There were no findings noted in the audit for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.



P.O. Box 160 Lincoln, CA 95648 Office (916) 434-1662 Fax (916) 434-1090

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS* INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners First 5 Butte County Children and Families Commission Oroville, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of First 5 Butte County Children and Families Commission (The Commission), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise The Commission's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2023.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commission's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jensen Smith Certified Public Accountants, Inc. Lincoln, California October 27, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Board of Commissioners First 5 Butte County Children and Families Commission Oroville, California

Report on Compliance

Opinion

We have audited the First 5 Butte County Children and Families Commission's (Commission) compliance with the requirements specified in the State of California's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act*, issued by the State Controller's Office, applicable to the Commission's statutory requirements identified below for the year ended June 30, 2023.

In our opinion First 5 Butte County Children and Families Commission's (Commission) complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the California Children and Families Program for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the State of California's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act*, issued by the State Controller's Office. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Commission's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the California Children and Families Program.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Commission's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the State of California's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Commission's compliance with the requirements of the California Children and Families Program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Commission's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances;
- Obtain an understanding of the Commission's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the State of California's Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal controls over compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion; and

• Select and test transactions and records to determine the Commission's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	Audit Guide	Procedures
	Procedures Procedures	Performed
Description		
Contracting and Procurement	6	Yes
Administrative Costs	3	Yes
Conflict of Interest	3	Yes
County Ordinance	4	Yes
Long-range Financial Plans	2	Yes
Financial Condition of the Commission	1	Yes
Program Evaluation	3	Yes
Salaries and Benefit Policies	2	Yes

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, amount other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identify during the audit.

Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention from those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the State of California's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act.* Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jensen Smith Certified Public Accountants, Inc. Lincoln, California October 27, 2023



P.O. Box 160 Lincoln, CA 95648 Office (916) 434-1662 Fax (916) 434-1090

October 27, 2023

Anna Bauer, Director Board of Commissioners First 5 Butte County Children and Families Commission Oroville, California

Dear Ladies and Gentlemen,

Thank you for your confidence in choosing us for your auditing needs. The audit went very smoothly and the change to the electronic format for documents was easy for us to navigate an audit. Staff was very well organized and quick to respond to our inquiries.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of First 5 Butte County Children and Families Commission (the Commission) for the year ended June 30, 2023, we considered the Commission's internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.

A separate report dated October 27, 2023 contains our report on the Commission's internal control. This letter does not affect our report dated October 27, 2023, on the financial statements of the Commission.

We wish to thank your Director and Administrative Analyst for their assistance in completing the audit and researching our questions. We know they spent many hours preparing for the audit and drafting statements. We appreciated the care taken to make sure we had all the information we needed in order to complete the audit. We wish you success for the fiscal year 2022-2023.

Sincerely,

Jensen Smith Certified Public Accountants, Inc. Lincoln, California